accommodation as well as camping and picnic facilities. The other parks have camping, picnicking, boating, and swimming facilities. Recreational activities include fishing, boating, swimming, golf, tennis, dancing, baseball, hiking, nature study, horseback riding, etc., and the parks are all well fitted with playground and beach equipment for children. In Cypress Hills Park, elk, antelope, deer, sharp-tailed grouse and beaver are plentiful and brook and other trout abound in the streams and lakes. Heavy stands of tall, straight lodgepole pine provide forest cover in this area. In Duck Mountain, Moose Mountain and Greenwater Lake Parks, moose, elk, deer, bear and beaver are common, as well as several varieties of grouse, and many species of water and smaller land birds. Spruce, poplar and white birch provide excellent cover for wildlife. Pickerel, pike and perch are prevalent in most of the lakes. Lake trout are ardently sought by fishermen in the northern lakes. Three wilderness parks (LaRonge, Nipawin and Meadow Lake) offer wilderness-style canoe routes and 'fly-in' commercially operated fishing and hunting camps. Many roadside picnic grounds are located throughout the province and several excellent Trans-Canada Highway campsites have been developed.

Sites of historic interest are marked throughout the province and include the Touchwood Hills Hudson's Bay Post, where picnic facilities are available.

Alberta.—In Alberta, 41 provincial parks have been established, with a total area of about 139 sq. miles. Of these, 37 are under development. Cypress Hills Provincial Park, with an area of 77 sq. miles, is the largest and is situated in the southeast portion of the province. The other Parks under development are: Aspen Beach, Beauvais Lake, Big Hill Springs, Bow Valley, Bragg Creek, Crimson Lake, Cross Lake, Dilberry Lake, Entrance, Garner Lake, Gooseberry Lake, Hommy, Kinbrook Island, Lac Cardinal, Little Bow, Little Fish Lake, Long Lake, Ma-Me-O Beach, Miquelon Lake, Moonshine Lake, O'Brien, Park Lake, Pembina River, Red Lodge, Rochon Sands, Saskatoon Island, Steveville Dinosaur, Taber, Thunder Lake, The Vermilion, Wabamun Lake, Williamson, Willow Creek, Winagami Lake, Woolford, and Writing-on-Stone. These parks generally are provided with picnic, camping and playground facilities and are maintained by the Department of Lands and Forests primarily for the recreation and enjoyment of the residents of the province. A former provincial park—Sylvan Lake—is now operated by the Department of Highways as a campsite.

In addition to the recreational parks, 11 sites have been established to mark and preserve locations of historic interest in the province. They include: Fort DeL'Isle, Fort Vermilion, Ribstones, Twelve Foot Davis, Massacre Butte, Early Man, Standoff, Fort Victoria, Fort White Earth, Fort George and Buckingham House.

British Columbia.—There are 183 provincial parks in British Columbia with a total area of about 13,000 sq. miles. These parks are classified as A, B and C. Class A parks are those considered most highly for immediate recreational development and are strongly protected. Class B parks are areas slated for development—valuable wilderness areas or places set aside for a specific reason. Class C parks are intended primarily for the use of local residents and are usually under Board management. The parks are in all stages of development and dedicated to a variety of recreational uses. There are immense wilderness areas such as Tweedsmuir and Wells Gray Parks and outstanding scenic and mountain places which include Garibaldi, Mount Robson and E. C. Manning Parks. Thousands of city dwellers throng to the ski slopes of Mount Seymour or picnic at Cultus Lake Park. The formal gardens of Peace Arch are a monument to the goodwill between Canada and the United States. Vancouver Island has a chain of small forest parks that have achieved a tremendous popularity with tourists—the best known are Little Qualicum Falls, Miracle Beach and Goldstream. In addition there is a campsite system closely integrated with the provincial parks, many campsites actually being located in the parks. The famous